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# Alice Lloyd College Teacher Education Program

# \*Modified Teacher Performance Assessment (TPA) for Student Teachers

\*A modified version of the Kentucky Teacher Internship Program's Teacher Performance Assessment (TPA)

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### Alice Lloyd College's Modified Version of the KTIP Teacher Performance Assessment Handbook

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### Overview

#### What is the modified KTIP Teacher Performance Assessment?

The modified KTIP Teacher Performance Assessment (TPA) is a focused collection of evidence and reflection selected from a student teacher's work, which clearly demonstrates the student teacher's efforts to analyze student learning as well as the student teacher's performance on the Kentucky Teacher Standards.

The modified KTIP TPA is organized according to four observations/evaluations during the semester.

The modified KTIP TPA is a set of ten teaching tasks designed to provide student teachers the opportunity to demonstrate performance of Kentucky's Teacher Standards.

The ten teaching tasks are grouped into three components in the modified KTIP TPA:

#### **Component I: Classroom Teaching**

- Task A-1: Teaching and Learning Context
- Task A-2: Lesson Plan
- Task B: Demonstrate Teaching Skills during Classroom Observation
- Task C: Analyze and Evaluate Teaching of a Lesson

#### **Component II: Professional Responsibilities**

- Task D: Collaborate to Address Special Learning Needs
- Task E: Assess and Manage Professional Growth
- Task F: Demonstrate Professional Leadership

#### **Component III: Instructional Unit**

- Task G: Design Learning Objectives and Assessments for an Instructional Unit
- Task H: Analyze, Use and Communicate Unit Learning Results
- Task I: Design Instructional Strategies and Activities for the Instructional Unit
- Tasks J-1 and J-2: Reflect on and Evaluate Teaching and Learning in the Instructional Unit

#### Goals

- To increase student teacher competence as defined by the Kentucky Teacher Standards
- To focus support on improving student teacher achievement
- To draw on student data to guide support
- To access professional growth over time
- To promote self-assessment, reflection, and collaboration
- To cultivate leadership based education (Character, Capability, and Service)

#### Where can you go for help?

Your college supervisor is the first and most important resource available to assist you in preparing your modified teacher performance assessment.

#### How will your Teacher Performance Assessment be evaluated?

Your college supervisor will meet with you to discuss the evaluation of your Teacher Performance Assessment and your classroom teaching performance. The following charts indicate the sources of evidence that will be examined for each Kentucky Teacher Standard.

O= Classroom Observation	Sou	irce
Standard 1: The Student Teacher Demonstrates Applied Content Knowledge	ТРА	0
1.1 Communicates concepts, processes, and knowledge		Х
1.2 Connects content to life experiences of students	Х	Х
1.3 Demonstrates instructional strategies that are appropriate for content and contribute to student		Х
1.4 Guides students to understand content from various perspectives	Х	Х
1.5 Identifies and addresses students' misconception of content	X	Х
Standard 2: The Student Teacher Designs and Plans Instruction		
2.1 Develops significant objectives aligned with standards	Х	
2.2 Uses contextual data to design instruction relevant to students	Х	
2.3 Plans assessments to guide instruction and measure learning objectives	Х	
2.4 Plans instructional strategies and activities that address learning objectives for all students	Х	
2.5 Plans instructional strategies and activities that facilitate multiple levels of learning	х	
Standard 3: The Student Teacher Creates and Maintains Learning Climate		
3.1 Communicates high expectations		Х
3.2 Establishes a positive learning environment		х
3.3 Values and supports student diversity and addresses individual needs		X
3.4 Fosters mutual respect between teacher and student and among students		X
3.5 Provides a safe environment for learning		X
Standard 4: The Student Teacher Implements and Manages Instruction		
4.1 Uses a variety of instructional strategies that align with learning objectives and actively engage		х
4.2 Implements instruction based on diverse student needs and assessment data		x
4.3 Uses time effectively		X
4.4 Uses space and materials effectively		X
4.5 Implements and manages instruction in ways that facilitate higher order thinking		X
		^
Standard 5: The Student Teacher Assesses and Communicates Learning Results	X	
<ul><li>5.1 Uses pre-assessments</li><li>5.2 Uses formative assessments</li></ul>	X	v
	X	X
5.3 Uses summative assessments	X	Х
5.4 Describes, analyzes, and evaluates student performance data	X	
5.5 Communicates learning results to students and parents	X	
5.6 Allows opportunity for student self-assessment	Х	Х
Standard 6: The Student Teacher Demonstrates the Implementation of Technology		
6.1 Uses available technology to design and plan instruction	Х	
6.2 Uses available technology to implement instruction that facilitates student learning	Х	Х
6.3 Integrates student use of available technology into instruction	Х	Х
6.4 Uses available technology to assess and communicate student learning	Х	Х
6.5 Demonstrates ethical and legal use of technology	Х	Х

Standard 7: The Student Teacher Reflects on and Evaluates Teaching and Learning	ТРА	0
7.1 Uses data to reflect on and evaluate student learning	Х	
7.2 Uses data to reflect on and evaluate instructional practice	Х	
7.3 Uses data to reflect on and identify areas for professional growth	X	
Standard 8: The Student Teacher Collaborates with Students, Colleagues/Parents/Others		
8.1 Identifies students whose learning could be enhanced by collaboration	Х	
8.2 Designs a plan to enhance student learning that includes all parties in the collaborative effort	Х	
8.3 Implements planned activities that enhance student learning and engage all parties	Х	
8.4 Analyzes data to evaluate the outcomes of collaborative efforts	X	
Standard 9: The Student Teacher Evaluates Teaching and Implements Professional		
9.1 Self-assesses performance relative to Kentucky's Teacher Standards	Х	
9.2 Identifies priorities for professional development based on data from self-assessment, student performance	x	
9.3 Designs a professional growth plan that addresses identified priorities	Х	
9.4 Shows evidence of professional growth and reflection on the identified priority areas and impact on instructional effectiveness and student learning	x	
Standard 10: The Student Teacher Provides Leadership within School/Community/Profession		
10.1 Identifies leadership opportunities that enhance student learning and/or professional environment	X	
10.2 Develops a plan for engaging in leadership activities	Х	
10.3 Implements a plan for engaging in leadership activities	Х	
10.4 Analyzes data to evaluate the results of planned and executed leadership efforts	Х	

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### **Developing Your Modified Teacher Performance Assessment**

#### **TPA Tasks and Templates:**

As noted in the overview, the modified KTIP TPA is a set of ten teaching tasks designed to provide you with the opportunity to demonstrate performance of the Kentucky Teacher Standards. The format and expectations for the ten tasks are presented in the form of modified task templates. Each task template provides prompts/directions for completing the task. This handbook provides a paper copy of the templates which will be given to you on a flash drive. The use of these templates in developing your modified TPA exhibits has the following advantages for you:

- **1.** The formatting of the task exhibits is done.
- 2. The prompts/directions focus your efforts on providing needed information.
- **3.** Your work on the tasks can be sent via email to your college supervisor for review, feedback, and/or approval.
- 4. Your work on each task can be corrected, modified, and/or updated as needed.

It should be noted that some tasks may recommend providing evidence/artifacts of your teaching. For this reason, it is essential that you read each task and the template carefully.

#### Suggestions for selecting artifacts for your Teacher Performance Assessment

Select evidence or artifacts for inclusion in your modified TPA that clearly demonstrate your efforts to promote student learning. The best evidence will come from your classroom teaching and related activities. Some examples of appropriate artifacts are listed below:

- Instructional materials
- Teacher-made
   assessment materials
- Samples of student work
- Teacher journals and/or logs

- Video taped lesson
- Student, parent, colleague surveys
- Log of professional activities
  - Communication with peers, administrators and other professionals

Keep in mind that you should not include anything more than what each task requires. It is important to select the <u>most appropriate</u> examples of evidence. All artifacts should be included with the related task.

#### Videotaping of lessons/Task E

After your first and fourth formal evaluations by your college supervisor, you will videotape a lesson as part of your self-assessment associated with Task E. More information about the videotaping of the two lessons is discussed in Task E (page 15). This video may only be used for the modified KTIP evaluation and may not be shown in any public performance. Capturing teaching on videotape effectively requires thoughtful preparation and planning. The video may be a CD or DVD recording. You must have a signed "permission to videotape" form on file from all students in the class that is being videotaped.

### TIPS FOR SUCCESSFUL VIDEOTAPING

- Contact the media specialist to reserve the needed equipment and to learn about the operation of the equipment.
- Find a volunteer to videotape the class. This could be your resource teacher, another teacher, a reliable student, or even a parent volunteer. He/she may need some time to become familiar with the camera equipment. (Note: Warn the camera operator that his/her voice may be heard on video.)
- Use a tripod.
- Advise your camera operator to record student involvement as well as your movements, while being careful not to make too many sudden moves.

- Keep the lens cap on the camera when the camera is not being used. This prevents excess light from entering the lens.
- Keep the camera and tapes away from magnetic fields.
- Cameras should not be used in extreme heat or cold. Let the camera adjust to room temperature for about thirty minutes.
- Consider the composition of the picture. Clutter can be a problem in classrooms; remove items that may detract from the message/image. Consider the background.
- Make sure your classroom is well-lit.
- Secure a lapel microphone, if possible, to improve sound quality.

#### Format requirements for your Modified Teacher Performance Assessment

#### What you will need

- 3-ring binder
- Dividers and tabs, one for each section of your teacher performance assessment
- Plastic sleeves for holding \*artifacts.

#### **Directions**

- Label the three dividers by observation
- Label and tab <u>all</u> tasks
- Complete the Intern Information Sheet
- Using the task templates, develop your responses to the question or prompts. Answer the questions thoroughly enough to provide sufficient evidence that you have met the Kentucky Teacher Standard(s).

#### \*Artifacts may be placed into sleeves front and back

### A Schedule of Activities for Student Teaching Observations

#### Prior to the beginning of your student teaching assignment, you will:

- 1. Read the modified TPA Handbook in a thorough manner.
- 2. Complete the Intern Information Sheet template.

# At a full day student teacher seminar, you, your College Supervisor, and the Education Staff will:

- 1. Review all modified KTIP-TPA materials, processes and procedures, and discuss expectations including the instructional unit.
- 2. Discuss procedures for involvement in Task D.
- **3.** Discuss your completion of the self-assessment portion of Task E, including a video for each self-assessment.
- 4. Discuss possible leadership projects for Task F.
- 5. Set the timelines for completion of the TPA Tasks including the Instructional Unit, Task G-J.

#### Prior to each of your four evaluations, you will:

- 1. Complete Task A-1 (Teaching and Learning Context) for the lesson in which you will be observed by your college supervisor.
- 2. Complete Task A-2 (Lesson Plan) for the lesson in which you will be observed by your college supervisor.
- 3. Submit lesson plans electronically to your college supervisor 2-3 days prior to the observation.
- 4. Work with your cooperating teacher to identify your strengths and priority areas for growth.

#### Following each of your four formal evaluations by your college supervisor, you will:

- 1. Meet with your college supervisor and your cooperating teacher to review/discuss the lesson.
- 2. Assess progress of portfolio and modified TPA with your college supervisor.
- **3.** Complete and submit Task C (lesson analysis and reflection) to your college supervisor electronically within two days after the observation.

The Planning, implementation, and reflecting upon the unit task must coincide with one of your final evaluations by your college supervisor. Please refer to pages 16 or 17 of your student teaching handbook for the appropriate timeline and formal evaluation that you will choose to incorporate with the completion of the tasks and the teaching of a unit. As a part of the chosen formal evaluation, you will:

- 1. Complete and submit Task D, Task E, and Task F to your college supervisor
- 2. Complete and submit Task A-1 (Teaching and Learning Context)
- 3. Complete and submit Task A-2 (Lesson Plan)
- 4. Complete and submit Task G (Designing an Instructional Unit)
- 5. Complete and submit Task H (The Assessment Plan)
- 6. Complete and submit Task I (Designing Instructional Strategies and Activities)

#### After planning and teaching a unit, you will:

- 1. Complete and submit Task C (Lesson Analysis and Reflection)
- 2. Complete and submit Task J-1 (Reflecting on the Impact of Instruction)
- 3. Complete and submit Task J-2 (Communication and Follow-Up)

### **Student Teacher Information Sheet**

### Complete the template for this page and include it as the first page of your Modified Teacher Performance Assessment.

Name:	Date of Birth:
Current Teaching Assignment: Grade(	s) Subject(s)
School District:	
School Name:	
School Address:	
School Telephone:	
Home Address:	
School E-mail Address:	

I verify that this modified Teacher Performance Assessment contains my authentic work, the authentic work of my students, and authentic feedback from colleagues, my cooperating teacher, my college supervisor, and administrators.

Signature

Date

### Task A-1 Teaching and Learning Context

Please complete the template for **each** class for which you are being observed. You will use and update this information as you plan lessons all semester.

Student Teacher Name:		Date:	Observatio	n #:	
# Students enrolled Grade level(s) in class		Ages in class (list all t	hat apply)	Content Area	
School Instructional Goals					
Analyze major school instruc cooperating teacher and othe Comprehensive School Impre assessment data, Program R	er school personnel to ovement Plan, faculty	help identify these goal meeting notes, Site-Bas	s. (Sources of	data could include	
Resources/Assistance a. Describe the resource	es (equinment techno	loav and supplies) avai	ilable to you		
<b>b.</b> Place a $$ beside the	phrase that describes	the types of help availa	able to you.		
instructional ass resource teache	istant(s) paren ers clas	t volunteers peo sroom teacher o	er (student) tut ther (Please sp	ors becify)	
<b>c.</b> Describe how you wi	Il utilize the above rese	ources to implement the	e school and in	structional goals.	
Critical Student Characteri					
a. Student Differences Indicate the number of stude		elow.			
ESL Title I	# with Gifted	IEPs # with 5 Other	04 modification	15	
<b>b.</b> Briefly describe the r	needs of students in the	e categories listed in "a			
c. Student Diversity Please describe any language, cultural and/or achievement/developmental level differences that create instructional concerns in your class.					
d. Patterns of Achievement Indicate the number of students for each pattern of achievement.					
Below grade lev	/el	_ At grade level	<i>H</i>	Above grade level	
e. Based on the diversities you've described in "d" above, develop a profile for three specific students in the class (if applicable).					
One student struggling to meet lesson objectives or targets:					
One student meetir	One student meeting lesson objectives or targets:				
One student exceed	ding lesson objectives	or targets:			

Task A-2 Lesson Plan				
Student Teacher Nam	ne:	Date:	Obse	rvation #:
# of Students:	# of IEP Students:	# of GSSP	Students # of L	EP Students:
Age/Grade Level:	Subject:			
Unit Title:		Lesson Title:		
Lesson Alignment to Respond to all of the f a) List objective(s) add	following items:	son.		
b) Connect the object	ives to the Kentuck	y Core Academic St	andards.	
c) Describe students'	prior knowledge or	the focus of the pre-	vious learning.	
d) Describe the forma instruments.	tive <u>and/or</u> summa	tive assessment(s) f	or this lesson. Include co	ppies of assessment
			Iresses the characteristic ction to meet their divers	
f) Pre-Assessment: Do learning targets (De			nt data used in developin dge):	g lesson objectives/
List each objective s	separately with its	own row and colu	mn	
Lesson Objectives/ Learning Targets	Type of Assessment	Description of Assessment	Instructional Strategies/Activities	Adaptations and/or Accommodations
				Differentiated Strategies/Activities:
				Differentiated Assessment Plan:
<ul> <li><u>Resources, media and technology</u> <ul> <li>a) List the specific materials and equipment needed for the lesson. Attach copies of printed materials to be used with the students.</li> </ul> </li> <li>b) If appropriate, list technology resources for the lesson including hardware, software and Internet URLs, and be sure to cite the sources used to develop this lesson.</li> </ul>				
Procedures Describe the sequence of strategies and activities you will use to engage students and accomplish your objectives. Within this sequence, describe how the differentiated strategies will meet individual student needs and diverse learners in your plan.				
		10		

### Task B Demonstrate Teaching Skills During Classroom Observation

Task overview: Implement lessons you have planned, making a purposeful effort to demonstrate the indicators for Standards 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6.

Your college supervisor will evaluate your performance during his/her observations using:

- Standard 1 Demonstrates Applied Content Knowledge
- Standard 3 Creates & Maintains Learning Climate
- Standard 4 Implements & Manages Instruction
- Standard 5 Assessment and Communication of Learning Results
- Standard 6 Demonstrates Implementation of Technology

### Task C Lesson Analysis and Reflection

Task overview: For each observed lesson, organize and analyze the student performance data so that you can reflect on and evaluate student learning and the effectiveness of your instruction. Your data analyses and reflection will be the basis for identifying ways to improve instruction and student learning.

Your college supervisor will review and evaluate your performance on this task using:

- Standard 5 Assessing and Communicates Learning Results
- Standard 7 Reflects on and Evaluates Teaching and Learning

Task C Lesson Analysis and Reflection					
Student Teacher Name:	Date:	Observatio	on #:		
To insure that your lesson analysis and reflect completed <b>no later than two days</b> after each			his task must be		
<ol> <li>Explain how you determined the levels of Refer to and attach rubrics or criteria use effective? What would you keep? What w</li> </ol>	d in this determin	ation. (What was effectiv			
<ol> <li>Sort the students' performances into three met the criteria in each category for each</li> </ol>					
Objective #1	objective ( <u>list aut</u>	Objective #2	<u>cable</u> ).		
Below criteria # of stude	ents		# of students		
Meeting criteria# of stude		Meeting criteria			
Exceeding criteria # of stude		Exceeding criteria			
Objective #3		Objective #4			
Below criteria # of stude	onts		# of students		
Meeting criteria# of stude		Meeting criteria			
Exceeding criteria# of stude		Exceeding criteria			
Learning needs b) Meeting criteria Strengths Learning needs c) Exceeding criteria Strengths Learning needs	<ul> <li>b) Meeting criteria</li> <li>Strengths</li> <li>Learning needs</li> <li>c) Exceeding criteria</li> <li>Strengths</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li><b>4.</b> Reflect on the following:</li> <li>a) What does the analysis of your students' instruction in meeting your students' needed.</li> </ul>		you about the effectiven	ess of your		
<ul> <li>b) Describe any patterns or trends in your s trends be used in planning and instruction</li> </ul>	tudents' performa m?	ances. How could these p	patterns or		
c) What knowledge, skills, and/or resources	c) What knowledge, skills, and/or resources could help you increase your instructional effectiveness?				
<ul><li>5. For each category, how will you differentiate or adapt your students to move them forward?</li><li>a) Below criteria</li></ul>					
b) Meeting criteria					
c) Exceeding criteria					
<ol> <li>Describe how you communicate continuous progress with students and parents/caregivers (other than school grade reporting).</li> </ol>					

### Task D Collaborate to Address Special Learning Needs

#### Task Overview:

Collaborate with your cooperating teacher and your college supervisor to design and implement a three to four week learning plan for a student whose learning could be enhanced by collaboration. Using the Task D template, identify the student, develop your collaboration work plan, report on the collaborative process, and then describe the impact of the process on student learning.

Your college supervisor in collaboration with your cooperating teacher will review and evaluate your performance on this task using Standard 8 -- Collaborates with Colleagues/Parents/Others.

#### **Guidelines for Completing Task D**

The guidelines below should be used when you develop your collaboration plans.

Using the contextual factors information you described in Task A-1and input from your cooperating teacher, identify a student whose learning could be enhanced by collaborative efforts. This student could have needs because of learning challenges (e.g., a student with IEP, 504 plan, or an LEP student), a student whose needs are a result of his/her strengths (e.g. a GSSP student), or a student whose engagement is limited (e.g. over-commitment to part-time jobs, family responsibilities, or extracurricular activities).

Finalize a timeline for completion of this task.

Once the timeline for your collaboration task has been determined and you have identified the student, you should develop your collaboration work plan. Your cooperating teacher can provide valuable assistance in identifying the expertise of school staff relative to the needs of your identified student. Implement your collaboration work, with the help of your cooperating teacher. Consult with your college supervisor as needed. Your completed Task D may be completed and submitted to your college supervisor anytime after your second observation.

If your identified student moves or drops out of school before you have implemented the collaboration plan, you must identify another student. If you have implemented the student's collaboration plan and have collected some performance data before he/she moves or drops out, you should analyze the available data and evaluate the plan's impact on student learning.

If the analysis of the assessment data reveals that the collaboration plan had little or no impact on student learning, you have the opportunity to reflect on the plan and identify possible alternative approaches that could be used in the future.

Task D					
	Collaborate to Address Special Learning Needs (This plan must be approved by your cooperating teacher and college supervisor before				
		plementation.)	ege supervisor before		
Student Teacher Name:		Date:			
Orientation Meeting a) Identify a student whose learning could be enhanced by collaborative efforts and provide a rationale for why this student was selected. (Use only the student's first name.)					
b) Describe your collaborati Caregivers, etc.)	<ul> <li>b) Describe your collaboration plan. Include the roles of everyone, involved (i.e. cooperating teacher, parents/ Caregivers, etc.)</li> </ul>				
<b>Objective(s)</b> – What you pla	n to accomplish in	terms of student learning.			
Assessment Plan – How wi	ll you measure the	impact of the collaborative effo	ort on student learning?		
Activities	Timeline	Persons Involved and Their Roles	Resources Needed		
Describe the progress made	e in your collaborati	ve efforts providing appropriat	e documentation.		
Using the assessment data collected, describe the impact of the collaboration plan on this student's learning, and add possible next steps, if applicable.					

### Task E Assess and Manage Professional Growth

**Task Overview:** Provide two self-assessments that will help guide you to improve your performance in using the Kentucky Teacher Standards. As part of <u>each</u> Task E self-assessment, you are required to video and watch a lesson that you have taught. The video is for your own benefit and does not have to be submitted to anyone else; however, you must verify by the appropriate paperwork that the video has been completed and viewed. Task E self-assessments must be completed after your first and fourth evaluations by your college supervisor. Make sure that you follow the appropriate guidelines for videotaping a lesson listed on page 5.

Your college supervisor will review and evaluate your performance on this task using Standard 9. Evaluates Teaching & Implements Professional Development.

#### **Guidelines for Completing Task E**

#### Overview of the Task

A professional growth plan (PGP) is the plan which teachers design and implement to become more proficient in meeting the Kentucky Teacher Standards and Indicators. PGP design involves determining one's strengths and areas for growth related to the Kentucky Teacher Standards and then developing work plans that describe the activities and actions that will be implemented to address targeted areas for growth.

The Task E template should be used to help you self assess your strengths and weaknesses for future development.

- Initiate the development of your PGP by assessing your level of performance on each of the indicators of the ten Kentucky Teacher Standards <u>after your first evaluation by your college supervisor</u>. You should discuss the results of your self-assessment with your college supervisor.
- 2. Using the analysis of your self-assessment data, data on your students' performance, and feedback from your cooperating teacher and college supervisor, identify your strengths and areas for growth relative to the Kentucky Teacher Standards.
- From the areas for growth you have identified, identify two or three priority areas areas for growth that if addressed would most improve your ability to facilitate student learning and meet the Kentucky Teacher Standards.
- 4. Your cooperating teacher and college supervisor will review your PGP, to ensure that you have documented the actions taken to demonstrate progress in addressing the identified priority areas for growth. Assess your performance again <u>after your fourth evaluation</u>. Discuss the results of your self-assessment with your cooperating teacher and college supervisor. Compare your first and second self-assessment.

Task E Assessing Professional Growth						
Student Teacher Name: Date: After 1 <sup>st</sup> Observation: After 4 <sup>th</sup> Observation:						
Kentucky Teacher Standards Self-Assessment To initiate the development of your need for a Professional Growth Plan, assess your level of performance on each of the indicators after your first evaluation and video by entering a number between one (1) and four (4) in the blanks to the left of each indicator. The scale to be used is: (1) limited, (2) some, (3) adequate and (4) extensive.						
				lation and video as part of your final eas for professional growth.		
STANDARD 1:	The Student T	eacher	Demonstrates Applied	Content Knowledge		
The teacher dem student knowled				owledge of certified content areas to develop		
Performance C	r <i>iteria:</i> The ex	tent to w	hich you:			
1 <sup>st</sup> <u>Self-Assessment</u>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Self-Assessmer	<u>nt</u>				
		1.1	Communicate concepts	s, processes and knowledge.		
		1.2	Connect content to life	experiences of students.		
	1.3       Demonstrate instructional strategies that are appropriate for content and contribute to student learning.					
		1.4	Guide students to unde	rstand content from various perspectives.		
		1.5	Identify and address sto	udents' misconceptions of content.		
STANDARD 2: The Student Teacher Designs and Plans Instruction						
The teacher designs and plans instruction that develops students' abilities to use communication skills, apply core concepts, become self-sufficient individuals, become responsible team members, think and solve problems and integrate knowledge.						

Performance Criteria: The extent to which the planning demonstrates that you:

1 <sup>st</sup> <u>Self-Assessment</u>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Self-Assessment	
		2.1 Develop significant objectives aligned with standards.
		2.2 Use contextual data to design instruction relevant to students.
		<ol> <li>Plan assessments to guide instruction and measure learning objectives.</li> </ol>
		2.4 Plan instructional strategies and activities that address learning objectives for all students.
		2.5 Plan instructional strategies and activities that facilitate multiple levels of learning

#### STANDARD 3: The Student Teacher Creates and Maintains Learning Climate

The teacher creates a learning climate that supports the development of students' abilities to use communication skills, apply core concepts, become self-sufficient individuals, become responsible team members, think and solve problems and integrate knowledge.

#### Performance Criteria: The extent to which you:

1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>		
Self-Assessment	Self-Assessment		
	_		
		3.1	Communicate high expectations.
		3.2	Establish a positive learning environment.
		3.3	Value and support student diversity and addresses individual needs.
		3.4	Foster mutual respect between teacher and students and among students.
		8.5	Provide a safe environment for learning.
STANDARD 4:	The Student Te	achei	r Implements and Manages Instruction
communication s	skills, apply core o	conce	d manages instruction that develops students' abilities to use pts, become self-sufficient individuals, become responsible team d integrate knowledge.
Performance C	<b>riteria:</b> The exter	nt to w	hich you:
1 <sup>st</sup> <u>Self-Assessment</u>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Self-Assessment		
		4.1	Use a variety of instructional strategies that align with learning
		4.2	objectives and actively engage students. Implement instruction based on diverse student needs and assessment data.
		4.3	Use time effectively.
		4.4	Use space and materials effectively.
		4.5	Implement and manage instruction in ways that facilitate higher order thinking.
STANDARD 5:	The Student Te	achei	r Assesses and Communicates Learning Results
abilities to use co	ommunication ski	lls, ap	nmunicates results to students and others with respect to students' oply core concepts, become self-sufficient individuals, become solve problems and integrate knowledge.
Performance C	<b>riteria:</b> The exter	nt to w	hich you:
1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>		
Self-Assessment	Self-Assessment		
		5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Use pre-assessments. Use formative assessments. Use summative assessments. Describe, analyze and evaluate student performance data.
		5.4 5.5 5.6	Communicate learning results to students and parents. Allow opportunity for student self-assessment.

STANDARD 6:	The Student Tea	cher l	Demonstrates the Implementation of Technology
			t instruction, access and manipulate data, enhance professional growth aborate with colleagues, parents, and the community and conduct
Performance C	riteria: The exter	nt to w	vhich you:
1 <sup>st</sup> <u>Self-Assessment</u>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Self-Assessment		
		6.1	Use available technology to design and plan instruction.
		6.2	Use available technology to implement instruction that facilitates student learning.
		6.3	Integrate student use of available technology into instruction.
		6.4	Use available technology to assess and communicate student learning.
		6.5	Demonstrate ethical and legal use of technology.
STANDARD 7:	The Student Tea	acher	Reflects On and Evaluates Teaching and Learning
The teacher refle	ects on and evalu	ates s	specific teaching and learning situations and/or programs.
Performance C	<i>riteria:</i> The exter	t to w	hich you:
1 <sup>st</sup> <u>Self-Assessment</u>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Self-Assessment		
		7.1	Use data to reflect on and evaluate student learning.
		7.2	Use data to reflect on and evaluate instructional practice.
		7.3	Use data to reflect on and identify areas for professional growth.
STANDARD 8:	The Student Te	acher	r Collaborates with Colleagues/Parents/Others
learning program	ns that develop st	udent	es, parents, and other agencies to design, implement, and support s' abilities to use communication skills, apply core concepts, become onsible team members, think and solve problems and integrate
Performance C	<i>riteria:</i> The exter	t to w	hich you:
1 <sup>st</sup> <u>Self-Assessment</u>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Self-Assessment		
		8.1	Identify students whose learning could be enhanced by collaboration.
		8.2	Design a plan to enhance student learning that includes all parties in the collaborative effort.
		8.3	Implement planned activities that enhance student learning and engage all parties.
		8.4	Analyze data to evaluate the outcomes of collaborative efforts.

#### STANDARD 9: The Student Teacher Evaluates Teaching and Implements Professional Development The teacher evaluates his or her overall performance with respect to modeling and teaching Kentucky's learning goals, refines the necessary skills and processes and implements a professional development plan. Performance Criteria: The extent to which you: 2<sup>nd</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> Self-Assessment Self-Assessment 9.1 $\square$ Self-assess performance relative to Kentucky's Teacher Standards. 9.2 Identify priorities for professional development based on data from selfassessment, student performance and feedback from colleagues.

9.4 Show evidence of professional growth and reflection on the identified priority areas and impact on instructional effectiveness and student learning.

Design a professional growth plan that addresses identified priorities.

#### STANDARD 10: The Student Teacher Provides Leadership Within School, Community and Profession

The teacher provides professional leadership within the school, community and education profession to improve student learning and well-being.

Performance Criteria: The extent to which you:

9.3

1 <sup>st</sup> <u>Self-Assessment</u>	2 <sup>nd</sup> <u>Self-Assessment</u>		
		10.1	Identify leadership opportunities that enhance student learning and/or professional environment.
		10.2	Develop a plan for engaging in leadership activities.
		10.3	Implement a plan for engaging in leadership activities.
		10.4	Analyze data to evaluate the results of planned and executed leadership efforts.
DISPOSITIONS	:		
Character:			
1 <sup>st</sup> <u>Self-Assessment</u>	2 <sup>nd</sup> Self-Assessment		
		Self S	Starter
		Com	pletes work on time
		Ability	y to relate to diverse population

Capability:		
1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	
Self-Assessment	Self-Assess	ment
		General Content Knowledge
		Critical thinking skills
		Creative thinking skills
<b>.</b> .		
Service:		
1 <sup>st</sup>	2 <sup>nd</sup>	
Self-Assessment	Self-Assess	ment
		Serves the college through campus activities
		Serves the school through volunteer work
		Serves the community through volunteer work

#### Analysis of Self-Assessment Data

- 1. Review your self-assessment for each Kentucky Teacher Standard, especially noting all the indicators you rated as (1) limited or (2) some.
- 2. Carefully read each of the ten tasks presented in the TPA Workbook to get a clear understanding of the performance expectation for each task and the standard(s) addressed by each task.
- 3. Use the insights gained from reviewing your self-assessment data and carefully reading the TPA tasks to begin to:
  - Identify your strengths in terms of tasks and related standards.
  - Identify areas for growth (tasks and related standards for which you might need support or assistance to be successful) and types of professional development you will need.
  - Identify your strengths in terms of the dispositions.
  - Identify areas for growth as related to the dispositions.

Tas Assess and Manage	sk E Professiona	l Growth
Student Teacher Name:	Date:	After 1 <sup>st</sup> Observation After 4th Observation
<ol> <li>Identifying strengths and Areas for Growth Using the analysis of your self-assessment, vide cooperating teacher and college supervisor to ide Kentucky Teacher Standards and ALC disposition</li> </ol>	entify your strengths a	
Strengths		
Areas for Growth		
2. Identifying Priority Areas for Growth a. From the identified areas for growth, identify tw addressed would most improve your ability to f Teacher Standards and ALC dispositions.		
Priority Area 1		
Priority Area 2		
Priority Area 3		
<ul> <li>b. Considering the context of your school, data at data, what types of professional development of</li> </ul>		

### Task F Leadership

**Task Overview:** In conjunction with your cooperating teacher and college supervisor, identify a project you can initiate and implement (or take a leadership role in an existing project) during your student teaching experience that will demonstrate your ability to provide professional leadership as a teacher.

Your college supervisor will review and evaluate your performance on this task using Standard 10 – Provides Leadership within School/Community/Profession.

#### **Guidelines for Completing Task F**

## Teacher leaders are accomplished teachers who inspire students to learn and achieve and who serve as a change agent for excellence in education within the classroom and the school community.

With your cooperating teacher and college supervisor, brainstorm possible projects, and then identify a project you can initiate and implement during your student teacher experience that will demonstrate your ability to provide leadership as a teacher and professional beyond your classroom. Your project should extend a current project of development or address an area of need in your school or district. The specific project you choose should give you the best opportunity possible to demonstrate that as a professional, you can contribute meaningfully in a group effort that results in a contribution to student learning and/or the professional environment of the school.

#### The project may be one where you:

- Work with your colleagues on a program to improve learning opportunities for students in your school.
- Involve caregivers, members of the school community, or agencies in efforts to improve learning conditions or remove barriers to learning.
- Organize, implement and facilitate strategies for community involvement.
- Develop and conduct professional development sessions on topics such as: use of technology in analyzing test data, new technology, and student use of technology, or on safety and ethical use of the Internet.
- Plan a grade level or departmental level field trip.
- Develop and update safety manuals for shops or labs.
- Plan and implement a parent reading night, a health fair, or a career day.

Other projects are very possible. Make sure the one you choose is <u>approved</u> by your cooperating teacher and college supervisor.

The project may be completed and submitted any time after your 1<sup>st</sup> observation has been completed.

(This project must	be approved by your c	Task F Leadership poperating teacher and college supe	rvisor before implementation.)
Student Teacher Na	ame:	Date:	
Identification of Pro After the meeting with and the rationale for s	your cooperating teac	her and your college supervisor, pr	ovide a brief description of the project
<b>Objective(s)</b> What do you plan to a	accomplish with this pro	oject (list measurable objectives)?	
Assessment How will you determir	ne the impact of your p	roject on student learning and/or sc	hool environment?
Activities	Timeline	Persons Involved and Their Roles	Resources Needed
How and with whom v	will the results of your p	project be shared?	
<b>REFLECTION</b> Reflect on what your school. What did you change, and why?	project accomplished r	egarding student learning and/or the ship experience – what worked, wh	e professional environment of the nat did not work, what would you

### Tasks G-J Instructional Unit Overview

# The Instructional Unit is a <u>minimum</u> one week unit of instruction (excluding pre- & post-testing) for a particular class. The unit includes:

- 1. Plans for instruction and assessment that are aligned with the learning outcomes desired
- 2. The teaching of the content
- 3. The organization and analysis of and reflection upon evidence of student progress toward attainment of the desired learning outcomes.

#### The Instructional Unit consists of the following tasks:

Task	Description of Task
G. Designing the Instructional Unit	After selecting the content (topic, knowledge, skills) for the instructional unit, write a description of the unit (the plan). The description must include the length of the unit (number of days/class periods), the objectives, a plan for accomplishing the objectives, a plan for accommodating individual differences, and any additional adjustments made (teaching the content). It is important to remember that the objectives selected for the instructional unit should relate directly to the Kentucky Core Academic Standards, the school improvement plan, and/or an analysis of student data.
H. The Assessment Plan	The second task of the instructional unit provides information about the assessment plan; the pre- and post-assessments; and the alignment of objectives, assessments, and instruction.
I. Designing Instructional Strategies and Activities	Design a set of learning strategies and activities that you believe will best enable all students in your class to achieve your learning outcomes.
J-1. Reflecting on the Impact of Instruction	This task will be used to describe the impact on student achievement through an analysis of and a reflection upon student performance. Included in the reflection will be a description of the refinement of future lesson(s) in order to improve student achievement.
J-2. Communication and Follow-Up	This task will be used to describe the feedback about the instructional unit to students, parents/caregivers, and colleagues.

Collaborate with your cooperating teacher to design your unit plan.

Your performance on designing, teaching and evaluating your unit of instruction, Tasks G – J, will be evaluated by the rubrics on:

- Standard 1 Demonstrates Applied Content Knowledge
- Standard 2 Designs & Plans Instruction
- Standard 5 Assesses & Communicates Learning Results
- Standard 6 Demonstrates Implementation of Technology
- Standard 7 Reflects on & Evaluates Teaching & Learning

### Task G Designing the Instructional Unit

#### **Directions for Completing Task G**

The instructional unit and objectives that you select must be directly related to the Program of Studies, Kentucky Core Content and/or the Kentucky Core Academic Standards. Refer to curriculum documents on the KDE Website http://www.education.ky.gov/ for instruction guidelines, content emphasis, objectives, and ideas for instruction at each grade level.

The instructional unit should include the following:

- Title of unit and Estimated Time for Completion.
- Identify Unit Objectives: Develop three to six learning outcomes or objectives that will be the focus of your instruction in this unit. Your unit objectives will connect to the Kentucky Core Academic Standards. Use any available resources that your school has to help identify your unit objectives. These include curriculum maps designed from standards, skills identified during professional learning team meetings, or other references that show a direct connection to the standards and the needs of students based on analyzed data.
- Knowledge, reasoning, performance skills, and/or products: Indicate where these will be identified within the unit. Refer to the reading and math deconstructed standards on the Unbridled Learning website:http://www.education.ky.gov/KDE/Administrative+Resources/Commissioner+of+Education/Unbr idled+Learning/
- **Differentiated Instruction:** Describe the characteristics of your students who will require differentiated instruction.

Describe how their diverse needs impact instructional planning for the unit.

Describe the strategies you will use to address those needs.

• **Overview of Technology:** Provide an overview of technology that will be integrated to enhance instruction and demonstrate student use of technology. This technology is not limited to only those students who have assistive technology needs. See page 37 for an example of a technology template you may want to use.

Describe the technology

Describe how it will be used in the classroom

Describe the student use of technology

• Communication with Students and Cooperating Teacher: Describe several ways in which you plan to provide feedback throughout the Instructional Unit. How will you provide information to students and cooperating teacher prior to instruction, during instruction and after the post-assessment?

	Та	ask G	
De	signing the	Instructior	nal Unit
Student Teacher Name: _		Date:	Observation #:
# of Students	Age/Grade L	_evel	Subject
Unit Title	Duratior	۱	
1. Identify the unit objectives Kentucky Core Academic		nection of the ob	jectives to the state
2. Indicate the knowledge, re standard(s) addressed by			products that underpin the
3. a. Describe the characteris differentiated instruction			ask A-1 who will require
b. Describe how their diver	rse needs impact in	structional planr	ning for the unit.
c. Describe the strategies y	you will use to addı	ress those needs	
4. Provide an overview of te demonstrate student use			enhance instruction and
5. Discuss your communicat	tion with your Stud	ents and your Co	operating Teacher:

### Task H The Assessment Plan

#### Directions for Completing Task H

In this part of the instructional unit, you will provide information about your assessment plan, your pre-and postassessments and the alignment of objectives, assessments, and instruction.

You will outline how you will assess your students throughout the unit, in alignment with your learning objectives and the desired depth of knowledge. The assessments are aligned when :

- pre- and post-assessments cover the same material in the same way
- assessments are consistent with the types of knowledge and skills identified in your objectives
- instruction given is matched to objectives and to the way students must demonstrate knowledge and skills in assessments. Indicate the different kinds of learning (e.g. understanding, applying, analyzing, synthesizing and evaluating real life situations. etc.) you expect from your students.

<u>Note</u>: The description of your assessment plan <u>must include both formative and summative measures</u> conducted at key points during instruction. For example: pre-assessment(s), observations of student work, oral questions, post-assessment(s), etc.

- 1. Describe your pre-assessment activity, including scoring rubric/criteria used. Explain how you determined student knowledge and skills pertinent to this instructional unit <u>prior</u> to instruction. The pre-assessment may take whatever form is appropriate, but it must yield two types of information:
  - information about each student's entry level (entry into the unit of instruction) knowledge and skills;
  - information from which you will be able to measure student gains in knowledge and skills as a result of instruction; i.e., knowledge and skills gained between pre- and post-assessments.

<u>Note</u>: A <u>copy</u> of the pre-assessment <u>must be attached</u>. If you use an activity or assignment for the preassessment, attach the directions and information provided to students. Use the **Assessment Design Checklist** on the following page to evaluate your pre-assessment.

- **2.** Describe the formative assessments you intend to use to monitor and guide student learning. These formative assessments strategies may take many forms. Remember that formative assessments strategies are integral components of your instruction and often result in instructional modifications.
- **3.** Describe the summative assessment used to determine student gains in knowledge and skills as a result of your instruction. Remember that this assessment must provide information about each student's accomplishment of each learning objective as well as information about his or her gains. This information will be used to complete Task J-1 of the instructional unit. The summative assessment <u>must be one of the following</u>:
  - a repeat of the pre-assessment,
  - a parallel form of the pre-assessment (same kinds of questions, tasks addressing the same objectives or outcomes),
  - an assessment very much like the pre-assessment, perhaps more extensive, that provides similar kinds of data about gains in knowledge and skills identified in the objectives.

<u>Note</u>: <u>A copy of the post-assessment must be attached</u>. If you used an assignment or activity as a summative-assessment, attach the directions and information provided to students. Use the **Assessment Design Checklist** that follows to evaluate your post-assessment.

**4.** Describe the role and method of student self-assessment.

- 5. Describe how you plan to monitor and record the progress of students toward unit learning objectives during instruction (formative assessment).
- 6. Explain or describe the assessment methods you will use to meet the diverse needs of your students.
- **7.** Describe how you will incorporate technology to develop, implement, and/or analyze your assessments for this unit.

#### Assessment Design Checklist

Assessors will rate the following elements of each pre- and post- assessment that is included in the teacher performance assessment. A careful review of each element is recommended.

If paper-pencil tests were used as **pre- and post-assessments** do these tests adhere to the principles of good test construction?

	Yes	No
Are the directions for students complete and clear?		
Are all test items unambiguous?		
<ul> <li>Is the test appropriately organized? i.e., item types organized by section, easiest to most difficult (e.g., matching, multiple choice, fill-in-the-blank, essay)</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Is the number of points to be awarded for each item specified?</li> </ul>		
Are the scoring rubrics/criteria complete and clear?		
Are the test items aligned with unit objectives?		
f activities or assignments were used as pre- and post-assessments do these act	ivities or as	signmen
If activities or assignments were used as pre- and post-assessments do these act	ivities or as	signmen
f <b>activities or assignments were used</b> as pre- and post-assessments do these act adhere to principles of good assessment?		-
<ul> <li>f activities or assignments were used as pre- and post-assessments do these act adhere to principles of good assessment?</li> <li>Are the directions for students complete and clear?</li> <li>Is there an explanation of how the assignment/activity will be evaluated (scored</li> </ul>		-
<ul> <li>f activities or assignments were used as pre- and post-assessments do these act adhere to principles of good assessment?</li> <li>Are the directions for students complete and clear?</li> </ul>		-
<ul> <li>f activities or assignments were used as pre- and post-assessments do these act adhere to principles of good assessment?</li> <li>Are the directions for students complete and clear?</li> <li>Is there an explanation of how the assignment/activity will be evaluated (scored or graded)?</li> <li>Is there an explanation of the conditions under which the activity/assignment is to</li> </ul>		-
<ul> <li>Are the directions for students complete and clear?</li> <li>Are the an explanation of how the assignment/activity will be evaluated (scored or graded)?</li> <li>Is there an explanation of the conditions under which the activity/assignment is to be performed (independent/group)?</li> </ul>		-

	The As	Task H ssessment Pl	an
Student Teacher Name: _		Date:	Observation #:
1. Pre-Assessment Plar	า		
Unit Objectives	Type of Assessment	Items/performances	measuring attainment of unit objective
2. Formative Assessme Objectives Addressed	ent Strategies Type of	Description of I	Formative Assessment Strategies
	Assessment		
3. Summative Assessm			
Objectives Addressed	Type of Assessment	Items/performances	measuring attainment of unit objective
4. How will students se	lf-assess in this	s unit?	
5. What is your plan to	monitor studen	t progress?	
6. What Assessment Ad	ccommodations	s or Adaptations will b	be implemented?
7. What is your plan to	integrate Techn	ology within your As	sessment?

### Task I Designing Instructional Strategies and Activities

#### **Directions for Completing Task I**

Design a set of learning strategies and activities that you believe will best enable all students in your class to achieve your learning outcomes. As you create your instructional plan, keep in mind the Standard 2 indicators and associated performance levels.

#### 1. Pre-instruction Assessment Analysis

After administering the pre-instructional assessment, and using the learning outcomes as well as any other information collected in your pre-assessment instrument, analyze initial student performance. <u>Using tables</u>, <u>charts</u>, <u>and/or graphs</u>, present the results of the pre-assessment in a format that allows you to find patterns of student performance as a whole and for groups of students who have diverse needs relative to each learning outcome. Describe the patterns you found. Briefly discuss the implications of the pre-assessment results for your design of instruction and how your awareness of achievement gaps within your student group will guide your instruction.

#### 2. Unit Instructional Design

Using the Task I Unit Organizer template, <u>outline **all** the lessons</u> designed to facilitate student learning of the unit learning outcomes. Your lessons should include a variety of appropriate instructional strategies. For each lesson, identify the learning outcome(s) addressed; describe the specific learner activity or strategy you plan to use along with adaptations to meet diverse student needs and how you plan to assess learner progress on each outcome. With your outline of lessons, identify with an asterisk (\*) the lesson(s) you plan to video or have observed. Include one fully developed lesson plan (Task A -1 & A-2) for this lesson.

For each lesson:

- Identify the unit objective addressed (by number only).
- Describe the specific lesson objective/learning target that is aligned to the unit objective.
- Describe the formative assessment(s) that will be utilized for the objective.
- Describe the differentiated assessment plan.
- Describe the strategies/activities you plan to use.
- Describe differentiated strategies/activities to meet diverse student needs.
- Describe the media/technologies/resources used for the lessons.
- Describe how you will use technology to enhance instruction and how students will use technology to enhance/facilitate their learning.

#### Task I Pre-Assessment Analysis

#### Student Teacher Name: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

- Describe the patterns of student performance you found relative to each learning outcome. (<u>Attach tables, graphs, and/or charts</u> of student performance that allowed you to identify the patterns of student performance noted.)
- Describe how you used the analysis of your pre-assessment data in your design of instruction.
- How did your awareness of achievement gap groups within your students influence your planning and instruction?

			isk I-Unit Organizer _for each lesson of t	he unit)
Lesson #	Unit Objective #(s)	Lesson Objectives/ Learning Target	Formative Assessment(s)	Instructional Strategies/Activities
			Assessment Description:	Strategies/Activities:
			Differentiated Assessment Plan:	
				Differentiated Strategies/Activities:
				Media/Technologies/Resources
			Assessment Description:	Strategies/Activities:
			Differentiated Assessment Plan:	Differentiated Strategies/Activities:
				Media/Technologies/Resources

**Use of Technology for Instruction** Describe how you will use technology to enhance instruction and how students will use technology to enhance/facilitate their learning.

### Task J-1 Organizing and Analyzing the Results

#### **Directions for Completing Task J-1**

After you have taught the unit and administered the post-assessment, your next task is to organize and analyze the assessment results.

You will complete the following tables for J-1:

- 1. Organizing and Analyzing the Results (Whole Class)
- 2. Organizing and Analyzing the Results (Diverse Learners)

Once completed you will also complete the section for Task J-1: Reflection on the Impact of Instruction

# Use as many templates as needed to complete this task. Identify the students only by their first name.

#### 1. Organizing the Results

Using the Task J-1 template, Organizing and Analyzing the Results (Whole Class), record each student's first name (only), his/her pre-assessment results, his/her post-assessment results, the amount of gain from pre- to post-assessment, and whether or not he/she met each objective based on the results of your post-assessment. In the "Comments" column, note any special conditions or extenuating circumstances to be considered. Remember, a student may demonstrate gain (e.g., pre-assessment score of 22, post-assessment score of 84 = gain of + 62 points) or regression (e.g., pre-assessment score of 48, post-assessment score of 40 = loss of 8 points).

Students     Pre     Mark each objective met with an X     Post     Loss     Mark each objective met with       1     2     3     4     5     6     7     8	7 8
Comments:	

Organize and Analyze the Res									esults (Diverse Learners)										
Students	Pre	Ма	ark e		t Ob				۱X	Post	Gain/ Loss	Unit Objectives Mark each objective met with an X							
otadomo		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Comments:																			

#### 2. Analyzing the Results

**Whole Class**: Using the data from Task J-1, Organizing and Analyzing the Results (Whole Class), summarize what the data tell you about your students' learning in this unit (e.g., the number of students who met criterion).

**Diverse Learners:** Completing the template Task J-1, Organizing and Analyzing the Results (Diverse Learners), compare the results for identified gap groups in your classroom. Summarize what the data tell you about these students' learning in this unit (e.g., the number of students who met criterion).

**NOTE:** While there is no requirement that pre and post-assessments are paper-pencil tests, you must have a way of determining gains in knowledge and skills. You will need to know precisely what behaviors or practices you are assessing when you use a project or activity as your means of pre- and post-assessment. See the following examples:

#### Example 1: Elementary teacher whose Instructional Unit was in writing

- In this lesson on punctuation, my objective regarding student writing was that the student would be able to produce an essay on demand that would contain **no more than three errors in punctuation**.
- As pre- and post-assessments, I gave students topics to write about and 25 minutes to produce their essays.
- When I analyzed the post-unit essays for punctuation errors, I found the following:

Organize and Analyze the Results									Results	(Whole Class)										
Students	Pre	Ма	ark ea		t Ob				١X	Post	Gain/ Loss	Unit Objectives Mark each objective met with an X								
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
Joe	11									17	+6									
Cathy	4	х								6	+2									
Lyle	7	х								11	+4									
Mary	9									8	-1									

## <u>Example 2</u>: High school science teacher whose Instructional Unit focused on application of the scientific method in a laboratory setting

- In this lesson on the scientific method, my objective was that students would demonstrate understanding of the scientific method by applying all five steps in solving a problem I had given them in the physics laboratory. During the instruction (the unit), we discussed scientific method and applied it to cases described on paper. We also applied it in a demonstration experiment I conducted with student assistance in front of the class.
- My pre- and post-assessments were laboratory projects (experiments) which students conducted in teams of two. They then had to write up their work. I made observational notes while they conducted the lab work and scored the inclusion of all steps of the scientific method in their write-ups. The results were:

		(	Orga	anize	e an	d Ar	naly	ze tł	ne R	esults	(Wh	ole	Clas	s)					
Students	Pre	Ма	ark e			ject		i vith a	n X	Post	Gain/ Loss	Unit Objectives Mark each objective met with an X							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Barb/Rachel	4 steps in write- up	х								All steps in write- up	+1								
Ann/Andy	Write-up unclear									4 steps in write- up	+4								
Mario/Darius	3 steps in write- up	х								All steps in write- up	+2								

Task J-1 Reflecting on the Impact	of Instruction
Student Teacher Name:	Date:
1. a. How many students met all of the objectives you es	tablished for this body of instruction?
b. How many students <b>did not</b> meet all objectives?	
c. Describe the performance of the identified gap group factors contributed to their success/failure?	p(s) in your class. What
<ol> <li>a. Select the learning objective on which your students your analysis of student learning.</li> </ol>	s were <b>most</b> successful based on
b. Provide <u>two or more</u> possible reasons for this succe	255.
<ol> <li>a. Select the learning objective on which your student your analysis of student learning.</li> </ol>	s were least successful based on
b. Provide two or more possible reasons for this lack of	of success.
c. Describe what you would do differently to improve s in samples of student work.	student performance as evidenced
<ol> <li>a. Did those students who were unsuccessful in meetin demonstrate substantial gains in knowledge and skil</li> </ol>	
b. Were there students who demonstrated very little ga from pre-assessment to post-assessment?	ain or negative gain (regression)
c. How would you explain the performance of these stu	udents?
d. What are your future plans to address issues identifi	ied in this unit?
<ol> <li>Based on your reflection about your students' perform professional growth that you believe has the potentia effectiveness and thereby improve your students' lea</li> </ol>	I to increase your instructional

#### **Directions for Completing Task J-2**

Using the Task J-2 template, the methods used to communicate with your students and your cooperating teacher regarding classroom expectations, student progress and way they can become more involved in learning.

Task J-2 Communication and Follow-Up										
Student Teacher Name: Date:										
	<ol> <li>Describe how you used formative assessment data to monitor student progress and guide instruction throughout the unit. Give specific examples.</li> </ol>									
2. What oppor	rtunities for self-reflection did	you offer the students?								
<b>3.</b> As indicated in the table below, describe the information provided to the students and cooperating teacher. Include how you communicated that information.										
	Information	Provided and Methods I	Jsed							
Group	Prior to Instruction	During Instruction	After Instruction							
Students										
Cooperating										
<ul> <li>4. a. Reflect on the information you communicated with your students and your cooperating teacher and the methods you used.</li> <li>b. To what extent did the methods used involve one-way communication that required no response or two-way communication that required or elicited responses and/or involvement?</li> </ul>										
	you modify the information pl t in the students' learning pro		ised to increase each group's							

### Technology Log –Student Teacher and Student Use (Optional Document)

Project	Date	Reflection

### Glossary

#### **Defining the Concepts**

# This section provides general definitions for some of the terms frequently used in the Modified TPA materials.

#### 1. Accommodations

Practices and procedures in the areas of presentation, response, setting, and timing/scheduling that provide equitable access during instruction and assessments for the students with disabilities.

#### 2. Alignment

Alignment is the consistency among objectives, pre-assessments, instruction and post-assessments.

#### 3. Analysis of Data

Analysis of data includes collecting and compiling a variety of student performances in order to make inferences about the level of student understanding as compared with standards.

#### 4. Artifacts

Artifacts are documents or pieces of evidence that are used to support teacher performance assessment entries. Good artifacts should demonstrate the active thought processes of students, not just the ability to recall facts.

#### 5. Benchmarks

Benchmarks are models of performance that illustrate, by way of example, standards of teaching at different levels.

#### 6. Collaborating

Exchanging information, activities, sharing, resources, and enhancing each other's capacity for mutual benefit to achieve a common goal. <u>The qualitative difference between cooperating and collaborating is that organizations and individuals are willing to learn from each other to become better at what they do.</u> Collaborating means that organizations share risks, responsibilities and rewards. It requires a substantial time commitment, very high level of trust, and turf sharing.

#### 7. Context for Teaching

A description of the community, school and students that are the focus of the instruction is usually found at the beginning of the teaching portfolio. The first form (A1 Describing the Classroom) of the Instructional Unit is the description of the context for teaching.

#### 8. Data

Information included to provide measured evidence of progress.

#### 9. DOK – Depth of Knowledge

The level of a student's knowledge about a subject. This can also be considered the level of understanding a student has. At first, some students will have a greater depth of knowledge about a subject than others, but with instruction, students' DOK should improve.

#### **10.** Developmentally Appropriate

The use of content, instruction, and assessment that meets the students' ability to reason, interpret, focus, communicate and interact, both socially and academically.

#### 11. Differentiation

The practice of giving students multiple options for taking in information, making sense of ideas, and expressing what they learn. It provides different avenues to acquire content, to process or make sense of ideas and to develop products.

#### 12. Diverse Student Needs

Recognizing that students represent various learning styles (visual, interpersonal, mathematical), various interest levels, and/or achievement levels (gap groups) which require teachers to provide a diverse learning environment to meet the needs of all students.

#### 13. ELL

English Language Learners

#### 14. Exhibits

Documents, artifacts, or other products that demonstrate an intern's performance on a task.

#### **15. Formative Assessment**

All those strategies undertaken by teachers and by students assessing themselves which provide information to be used as feedback to modify the teaching and learning activities in which they are engaged. Such assessments become formative when the evidence is actually used to adapt the teaching to meet the needs.

#### 16. Gap Groups

Groups of students in a school or classroom who are not performing at the level of proficiency. They might include those students who are English Language Learners, have IEPs, a 504 plan, or some other special education needs, students in a gender gap, or those who are falling behind because of cultural and/or economic environment.

#### 17. GSSP

Gifted Student Services Plan

#### 18. Higher-order Thinking

Students use higher-order thinking when they are challenged to compare, analyze, synthesize, evaluate and apply knowledge by the classroom strategies that go beyond dissemination of factual information.

#### **19. Holistic Scoring**

The process of assigning a single performance level rating based on an overall view of a standard or exhibit. It is an inferential process in which the observer draws some overall conclusions based on evidence gathered from the assessment components using criteria specified by the indicators. The observer assesses the standard as a whole and should resist averaging indicator scores.

#### 20. IEP

Individualized Education Program designed to meet the unique educational needs of a child who may have a disability, as defined by federal regulations

#### 21. Indicators

Descriptors of each standard on which the intern is evaluated using the Intern Performance Record (IPR).

#### 22. Instructional Materials

Any print, non-print or electronic medium of instruction designed to assist students in achieving the academic expectations.

#### 23. Interdisciplinary

Intentionally developed activities which teach connections across content areas and diminish artificial divisions between subject areas; examples could be long-term projects and thematic units.

#### 24. Intervention

An educational practice, strategy, curriculum, or program to enhance learning for students.

#### 25. Learning Outcomes

Educational aims or end products which encompass all goals and objectives.

#### 26. Learning Targets

Educational aims or end products which encompass all goals and objectives. These are sometimes referred to as "I can" statements.

#### 27. LEP

Limited English Proficiency

#### 23. Misconceptions

One or more student responses which indicate inaccurate understanding of content at any point in the learning.

#### 24. Modifications

Practices that change, lower, or reduce learning expectations. Modifications can increase the gap between the achievement of students with disabilities and expectations for proficiency at a particular grade level.

#### 25. Objectives

The goals to be achieved by a lesson or unit. Objectives describe a clear expectation from the student; as in "By the end of this lesson, the student will be able to name the causes of the Civil War."

#### 25. Patterns of Achievement

Regular growth in knowledge that can be charted or graphed showing the progress of students toward the objectives of the unit.

#### 26. Performance-based Assessment

An assessment that includes what a student or teacher is able to do (performance) rather than simply an explanation of what they know.

#### 27. Professional Development

The means and activities teachers use to achieve their professional growth. It may include specific training in growth areas, observation, planning, etc. (i.e. It is an answer to the question: How can I turn those teaching growth areas into teaching strengths?)

#### 28. Professional Growth Plan

The plan which teachers use to become more proficient in meeting the Kentucky Teacher Standards and Indicators. It usually involves self-assessment and a written plan for developing those areas of growth.

#### 29. Prompts

Statements that provide directions for the teaching tasks. Prompts utilize guiding questions, suggestions for specific actions, and graphic organizers that the intern can use to complete teaching tasks.

#### 30. Reflection

Reflection is a vital part of a performance-based product, i.e., teaching portfolio. The process of reflection involves the reporting and analyzing of teaching philosophies, practices, and experiences. Reflection requires the teacher to understand why a lesson was productive or nonproductive.

#### 31. Rubric/Scoring Guide

At the classroom level, a set of scoring guidelines to be used in assigning and evaluating student work. Rubrics are similarly used for evaluating levels of teacher performance in this TPA. They define criteria to meet the expected teaching standard of performance. For each of Kentucky's ten standards, five to eight indicators have been developed from the Standards. Each component (Planning, Teaching and Evaluating the Results of a Lesson, Professional Responsibilities, and Instructional Unit) of the TPA has rubrics that will be used to evaluate the intern's performance on classroom interactions or TPA exhibits.

#### 32. Self-Assessment

A student's evaluation of his or her own work.

#### 33. Specially Designed Instruction

Adapting, as appropriate, to the needs of an eligible child under IDEA that ensures access to the general curriculum and success on educational standards.

#### 34. Standards

Brief statements about what the teacher must be able to do. Kentucky's ten teaching standards represent those ten key statements for teacher interns and experienced teachers.

#### 35. Student-centered

Strategies built on the natural interests and motivation of the students. Activities place the responsibility on students.

#### 36. Summative Assessment

Assessment typically used to evaluate the effectiveness of instructional programs and services at the end of an academic unit or at a pre-determined time. The goal of summative assessments is to make a judgment of student competency after an instructional phase is complete.

#### 37. Teaching Tasks

An opportunity for the intern to demonstrate performance using standards (e.g., teach a lesson and be observed, design a two to four week unit of instruction, analyze learning results for the unit). Teaching tasks are designed to provide opportunities to demonstrate teaching performance.

#### 38. Technology

Technology is a catalyst for change in the teaching and learning process. Technology must be considered in the context of curriculum standards, classroom management strategies, new designs for learning, and the most effective pedagogical practices. Technology Standards define technology as consisting of any electronic tool used for solving problems, communicating clearly, processing information, increasing productivity, accomplishing a task, making informed decisions and enhancing the quality of life. Technology includes materials, devices, computers and software that allow a teacher to demonstrate proficiency in Standard 6. Examples of appropriate technology might include but are not limited to MS Office products, STI, white boards or PowerPoint presentations, Web quests, LCD projectors, computer labs, Alpha Smarts, Read Write Gold or software packages which assist student learning and email.

#### 39. Universal Design

An approach to designing environments and products so they can be used by the widest range of users without adaptation. It is also a way to conceptualize access and maximize learning for the greatest number of students.

#### 40. Variety of Instructional Strategies

Two or more instructional strategies that meet different learning needs of all students.

#### 41. Work Plan

A structured plan format for collaboration, professional development, and leadership tasks that includes (a) objectives, (b) activities designed to achieve objectives, (c) timeline for completing activities and (d) special resources needed to complete activities.